



Centraal veneuze zuurstof saturatie (ScvO₂)

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Inhoud

1. Vragen/ stellingen
2. Zuurstoftransport
3. $ScvO_2$ vs SvO_2
4. $S(c)vO_2$ gerichte therapie
5. Techniek



Vragen/ stellingen

- Wie gebruikt er frequent $S(c)vO_2$?
- Wat is hoger onder normale omstandigheden? SvO_2 of $ScvO_2$?
- Wat is hoger in geval van circulatoire shock?
- Is de $S(c)vO_2$ in de acute fase bij ernstige sepsis/ septische shock meestal verhoogd of verlaagd?



Shock: klinische eindpunten

- Titreren vochttoediening, vasopressie, inotropie, bloedtransfusie
- Eindpunten: MAP, HF, UP, CVD, CO?
 - Normale vitale parameters en toch weefselhypoxie
- Resuscitatie ogv ScvO₂?

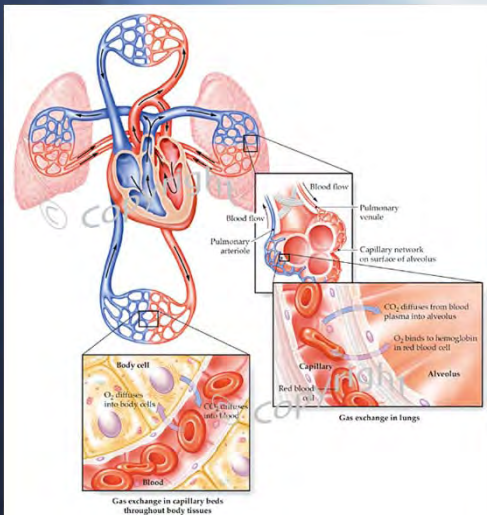


Foto: F.Muller



Zuurstoftransport

- $DO_2 = CO \times [(1,38 \times Hb \times SaO_2) + (0,003 \times PaO_2)]$
- $VO_2 = CO \times [(1,38 \times Hb \times SaO_2 - SvO_2) + (0,003 \times PaO_2)]$
- $O_2ER = VO_2 / DO_2 = (SaO_2 - SvO_2) / SaO_2$

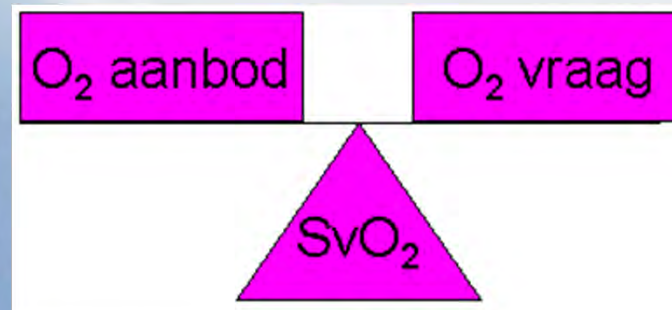


DO_2 = zuurstof aanbod
 VO_2 = zuurstof consumptie
 SvO_2 = gemengd veneuze O₂ saturatie
 O_2ER = zuurstof extractie ratio



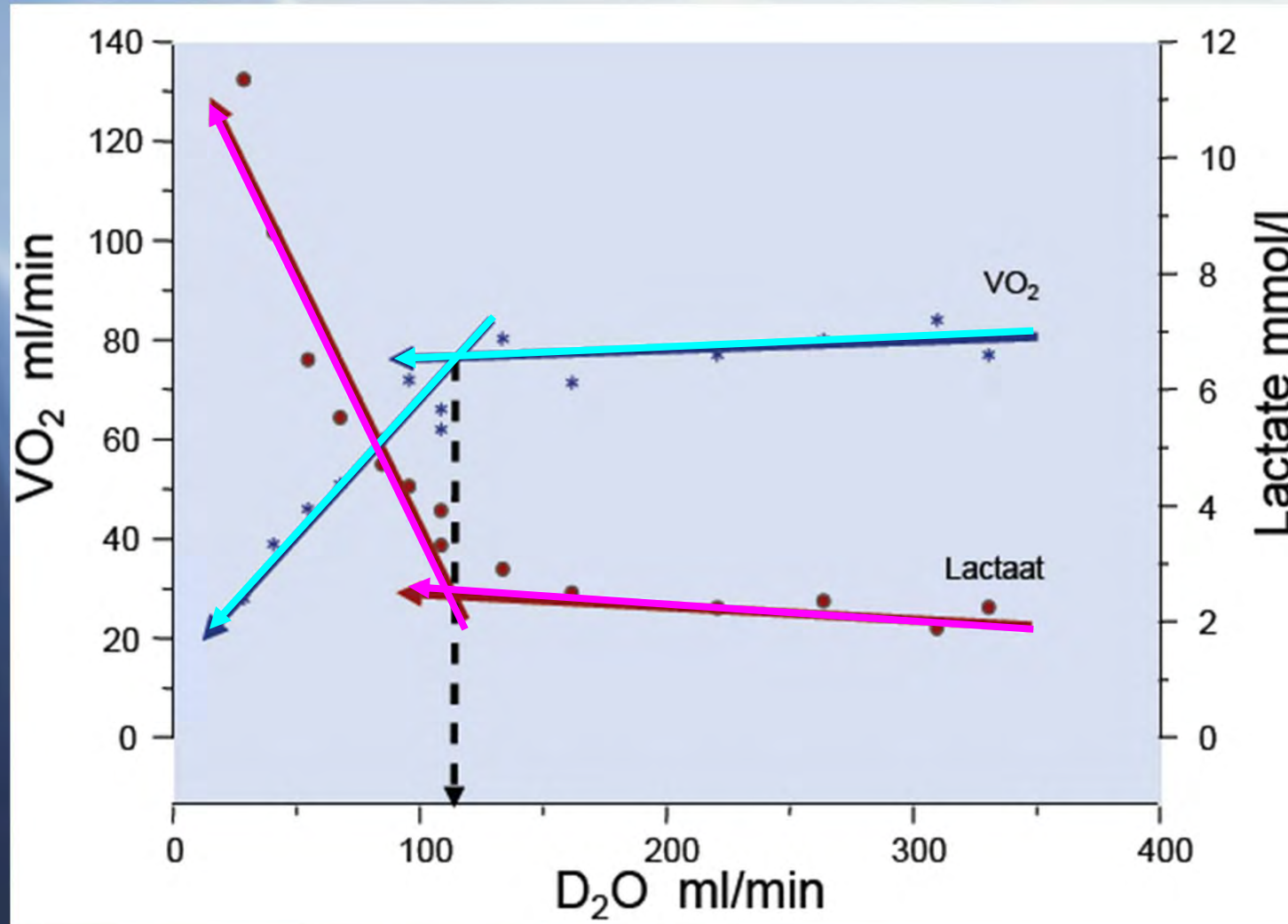
Compensatie mechanisme

- CO primaire compensatie bij $\uparrow \text{VO}_2$ of $\downarrow \text{Hb}$ / $\downarrow \text{SaO}_2$
- $\uparrow \text{O}_2$ extractie secundair compensatie mechanisme





Zuurstofextractie

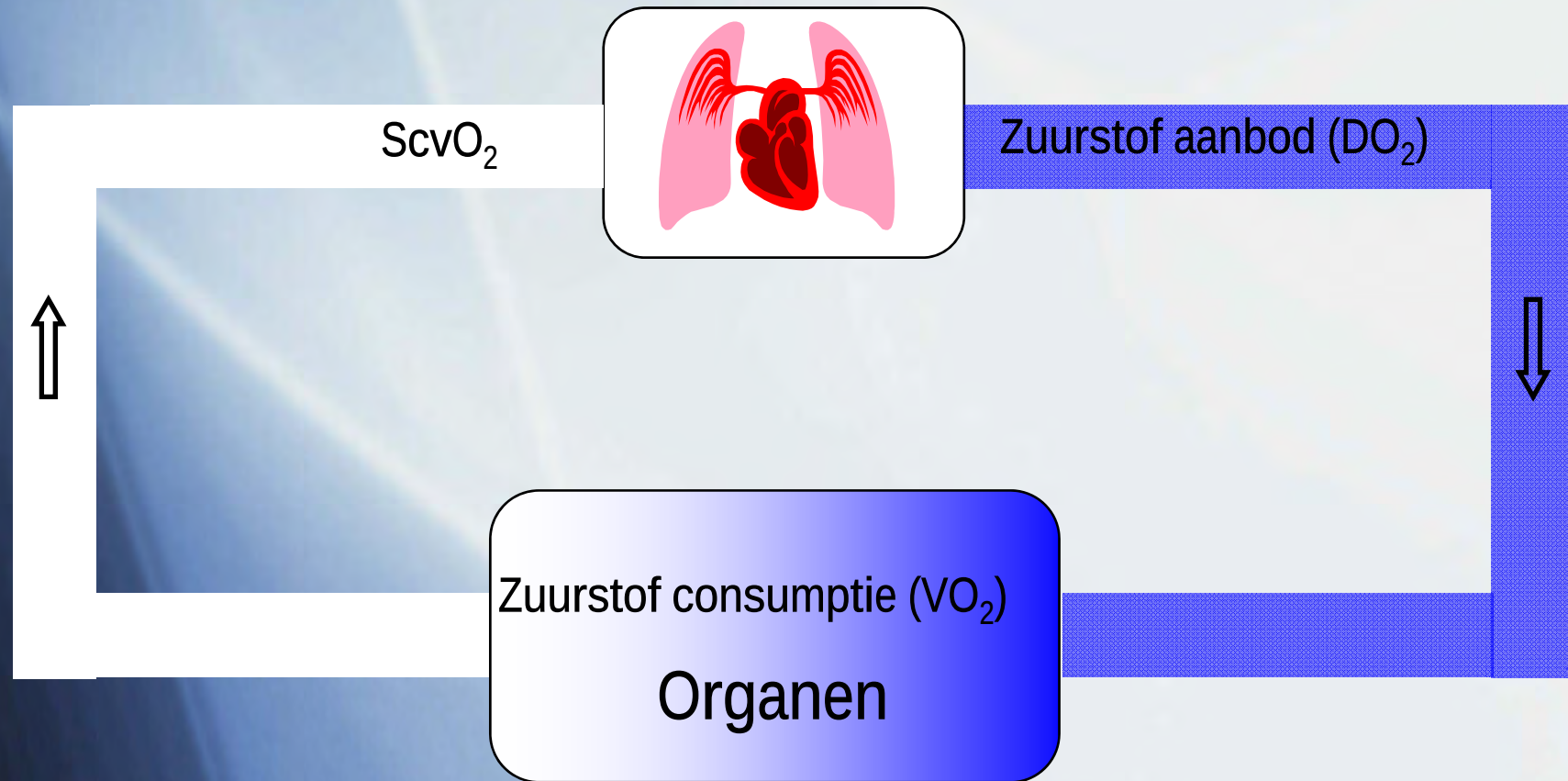


Zhang et al. Am Rev Respir Dis 1993;148:867-871



Pathofysiologie S(c)vO₂

<pre> graph TD S(c)vO2[S(c)vO2] --> CO[CO] S(c)vO2 --> Hb[Hb] S(c)vO2 --> VO2[VO2] S(c)vO2 --> SaO2[SaO2] </pre>	Decrease in S(c)vO₂	O₂ delivery ↓ - Anemia/ hemorrhage - Hypoxia - Insufficient cardiac output: myocardial dysfunction/ hypovolemia O₂ consumption ↑ - Agitation - Pain - Fever - Shivering ↑ metabolic demand (sepsis)
	Increase in S(c)vO₂	O₂ delivery ↑ - Cardiac output ↑: fluid suppletion/ inotropics - Adequate oxygenation - Blood transfusion O₂ consumption ↓ - Sedation - Analgesia - Hypothermia - Mechanical ventilation O₂ extraction ↓ - Microcirculatory shunting (sepsis) - Cell death





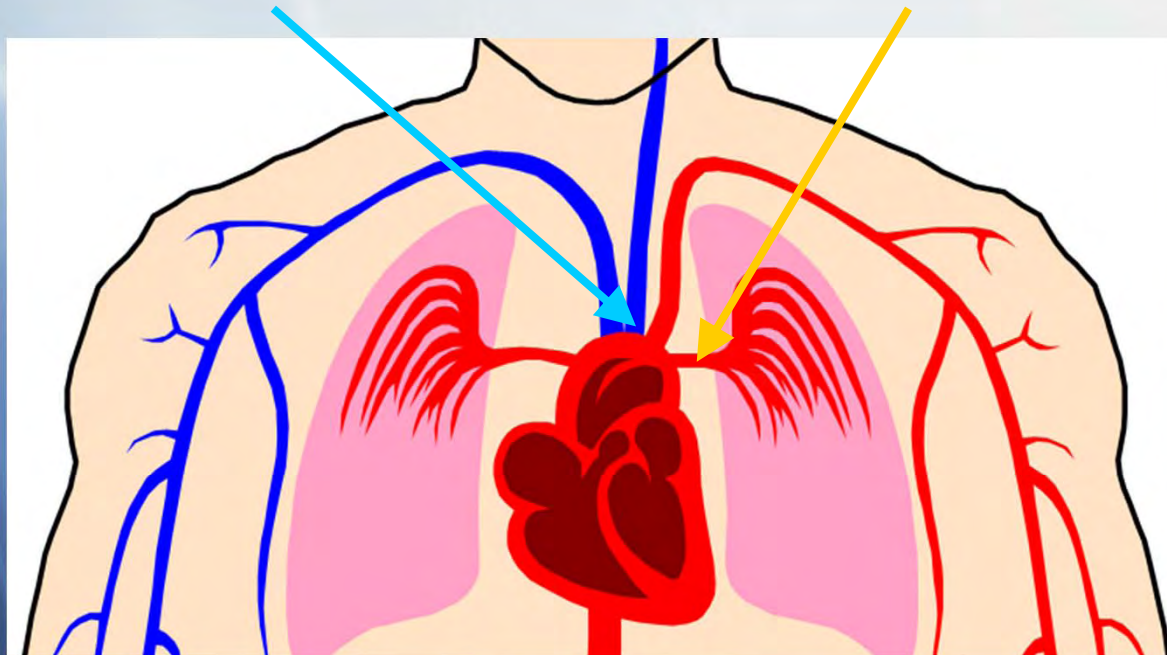
ScvO₂ en SvO₂

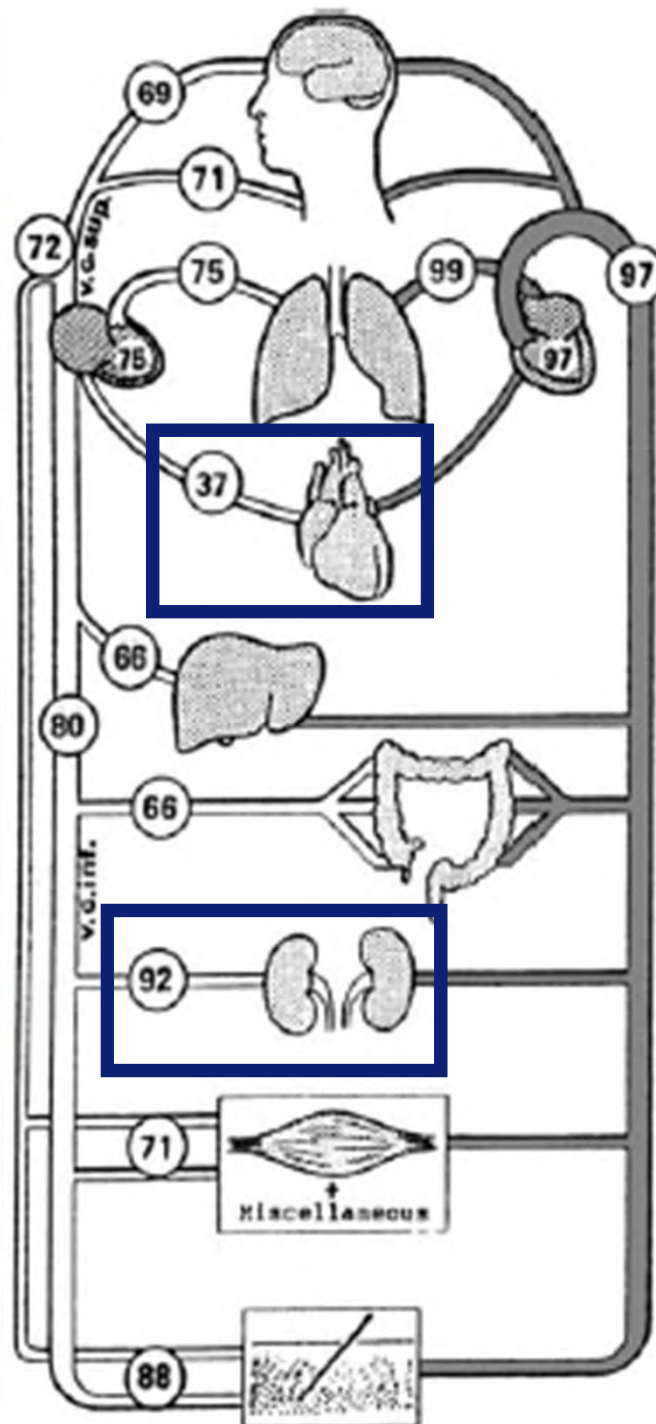
ScvO₂ – centraal veneuze zuurstof saturatie

Zuurstof saturatie van hemoglobine in het
veneuze bloed in de vena cava superior
(10-20% in rechter atrium)

SvO₂ – gemengd veneuze zuurstof saturatie

Zuurstof saturatie van hemoglobine in het
bloed in de arterie pulmonalis





Reinhart K (1989) Monitoring O₂ transport and tissue oxygenation in critically ill patients. In: Reinhart K, Eyrich K (ed) Clinical aspects of O₂ transport and tissue oxygenation. Springer, Berlin Heidelberg New York, pp 195–211



SvO₂ vs ScvO₂

Gezond:

$SvO_2 > ScvO_2$ (2%)

- weinig zuurstofextractie in bv. nieren

Shock:

$ScvO_2 > SvO_2$ (5%)

- low flow shock: redistributie van flow en hoge O₂ extractie abdomen
- septische shock: toegenomen gastro-intestinale O₂ consumptie
- v. cava sup. saturatie blijft relatief lang hoog: cerebrale perfusie blijft gewaarborgd



$ScvO_2 = SvO_2$: Pro

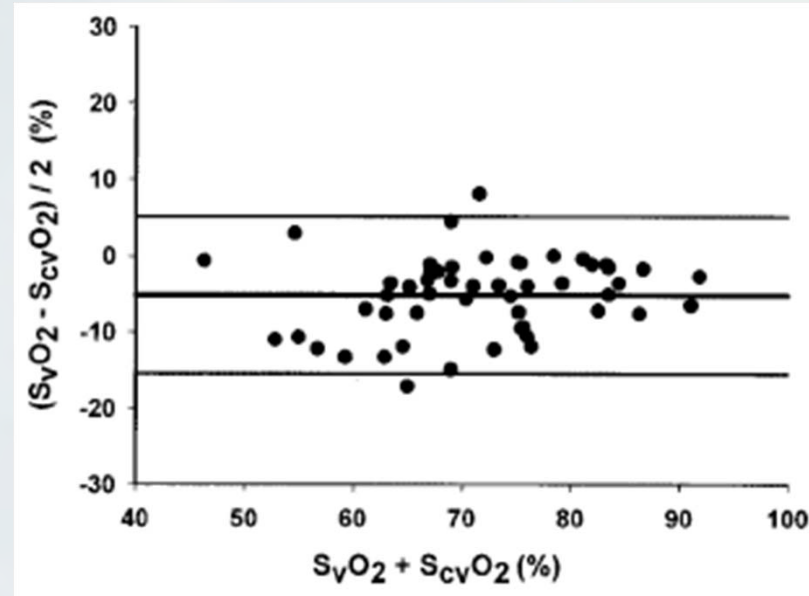
- Niet individuele waarde maar trend is belangrijk
- In de lage SvO_2 reeks zal $ScvO_2$ nog lager zijn.
- Inbrengen CVC sneller dan PAC
- Op afdeling cq SEH mogelijk
- Outcome effect van snellere informatie weegt mogelijk op tegen inaccuratere meting



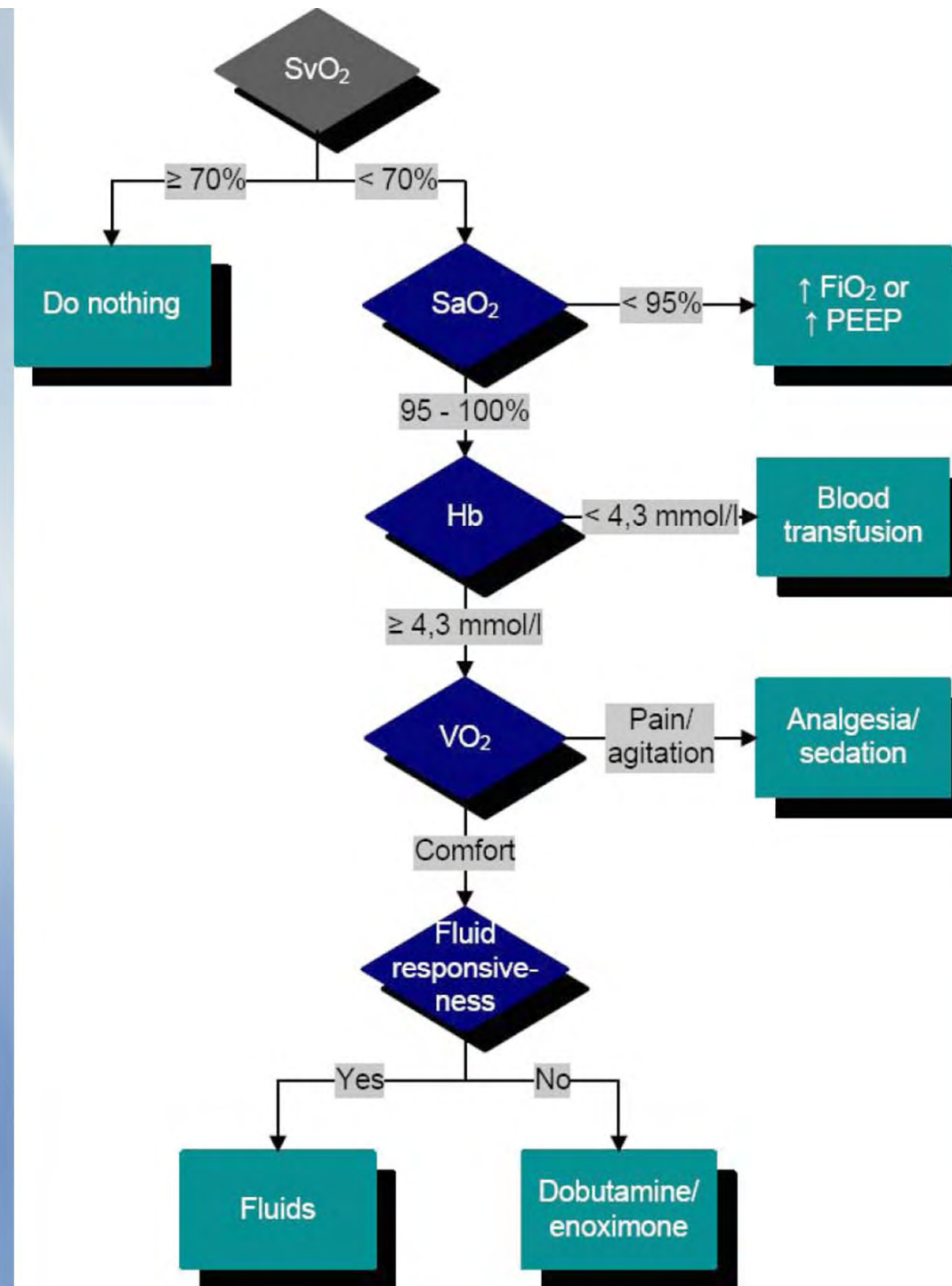
$ScvO_2 = SvO_2$: Con

Lack of Equivalence Between Central and Mixed Venous Oxygen Saturation*

Lakhmir S. Chawla, MD; Hasan Zia, MD;
Guillermo Gutierrez, MD, PhD, FCCP; Necin M. Katz, MD;
Michael G. Seneff, MD, FCCP; and Muhammed Shah, MD

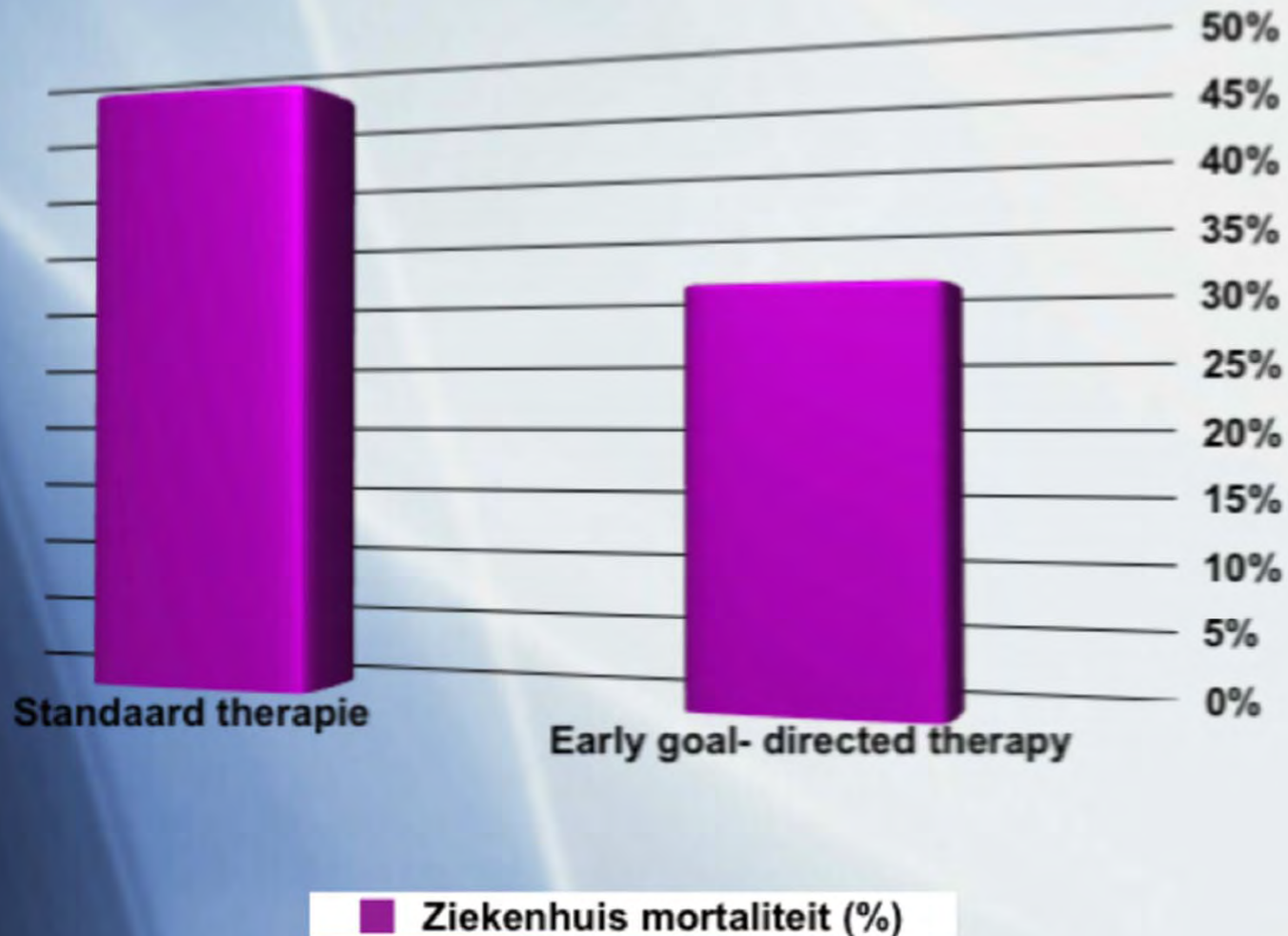


- Verschil -5%
- 95% CI: 5% tot -16%
- Bij $ScvO_2$ 74% ➡ SvO_2 79% tot 58%!





ScvO₂ directed therapy - Rivers studie





SvO₂ directed therapy

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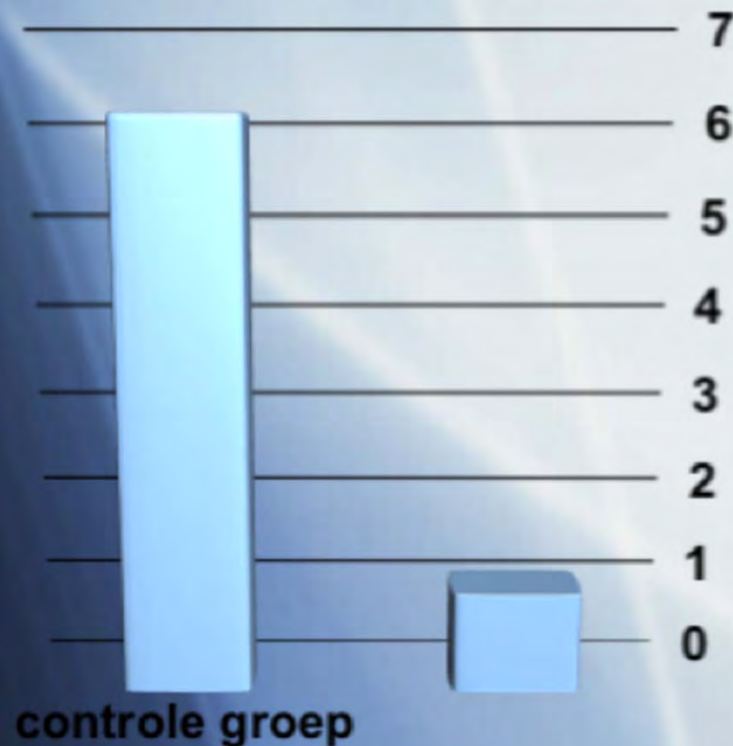
Number 16

A TRIAL OF GOAL-ORIENTED HEMODYNAMIC THERAPY IN CRITICALLY ILL PATIENTS

LUCIANO GATTINONI, M.D., LUCA BRAZZI, M.D., PAOLO PELOSI, M.D., ROBERTO LATINI, M.D.,
GIANNI TOGNONI, M.D., ANTONIO PESENTI, M.D., AND ROBERTO FUMAGALLI, M.D.,
FOR THE SvO₂ COLLABORATIVE GROUP*



A Prospective, Randomized Study of Goal-Oriented Hemodynamic Therapy in Cardiac Surgical Patients



Klinische eindpunten:
 $\text{SvO}_2 \geq 70\%$
 $\text{Lactaat} \leq 2,0 \text{ mmol/l}$

Resultaten:
↓ opnameduur
↓ morbiditeit

■ morbiditeit (orgaan dysfunctie, %)

Pölönen et al. Anesth Analg 2000;90:1052-1059

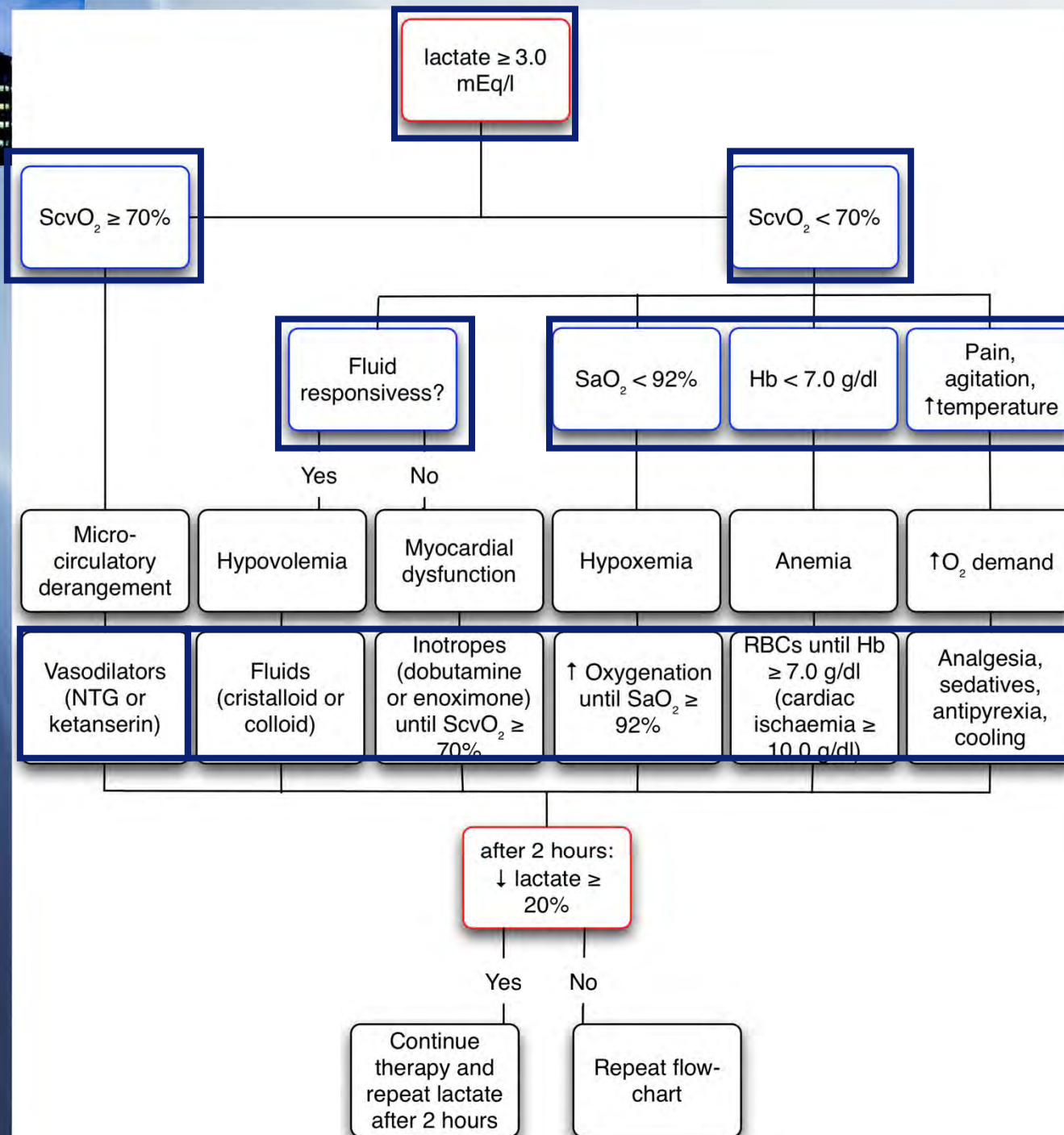


Early lactate-guided therapy in ICU patients: a multicenter, open-label, randomized controlled trial

Am J Respir Crit Care Med Vol 182. pp 752–761, 2010

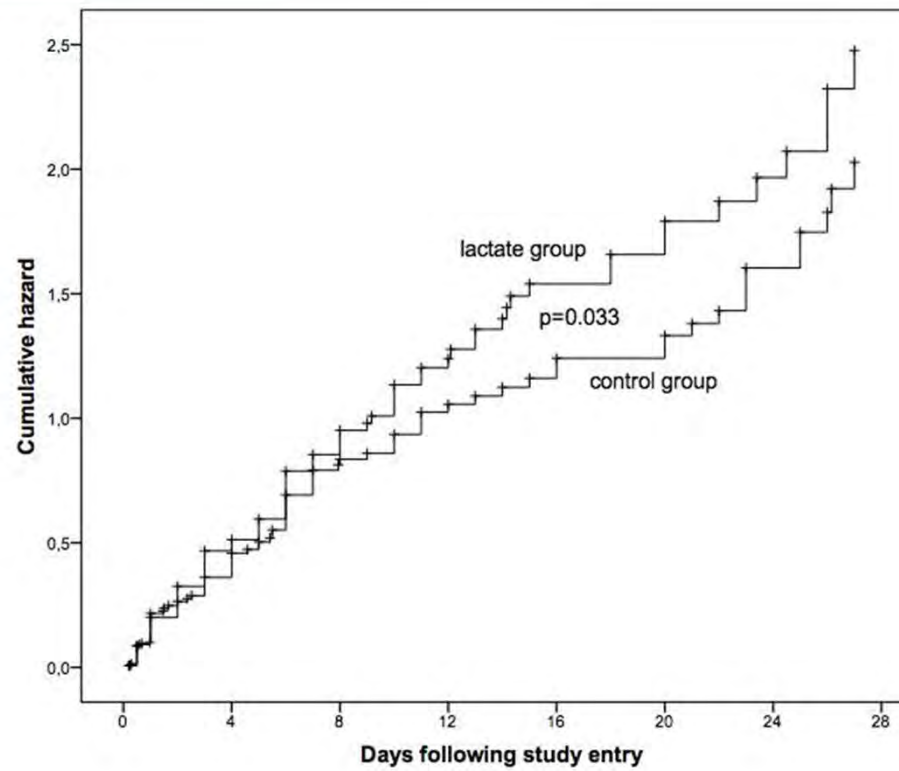
- Tim C. Jansen, MD, Jasper van Bommel, MD PhD, F. Jeanette Schoonderbeek, MD PhD, Steven J. Sleeswijk Visser, MD, Johan M. van der Klooster, MD, Alex P. Lima, MD, Sten P. Willemsen, Jan Bakker, MD PhD; for the LACTATE study group



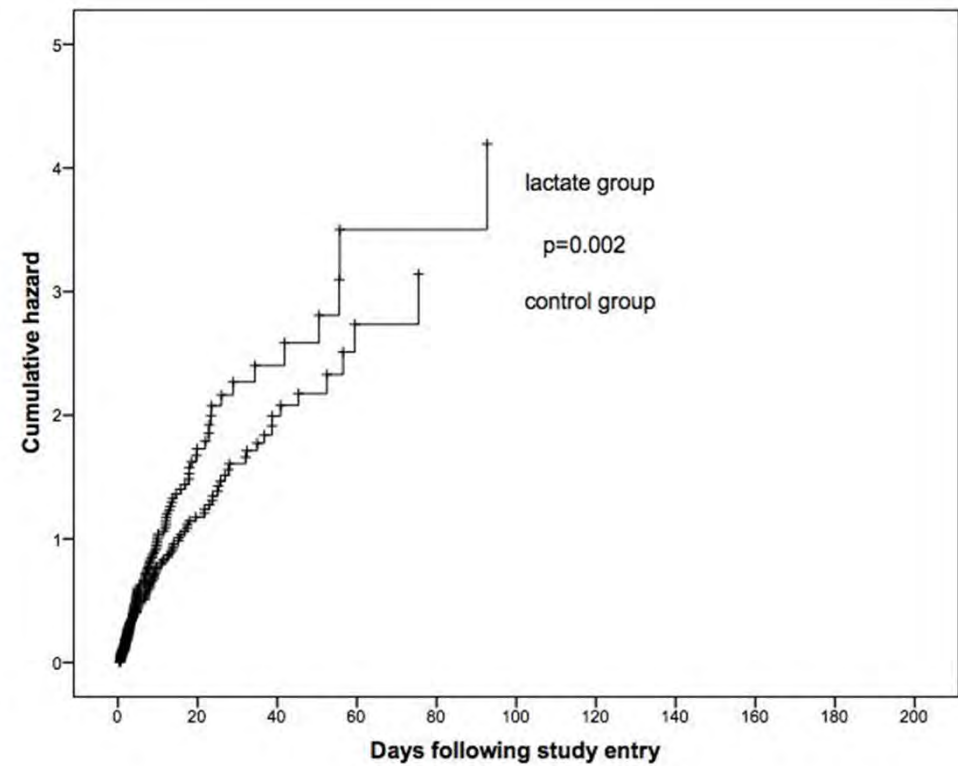




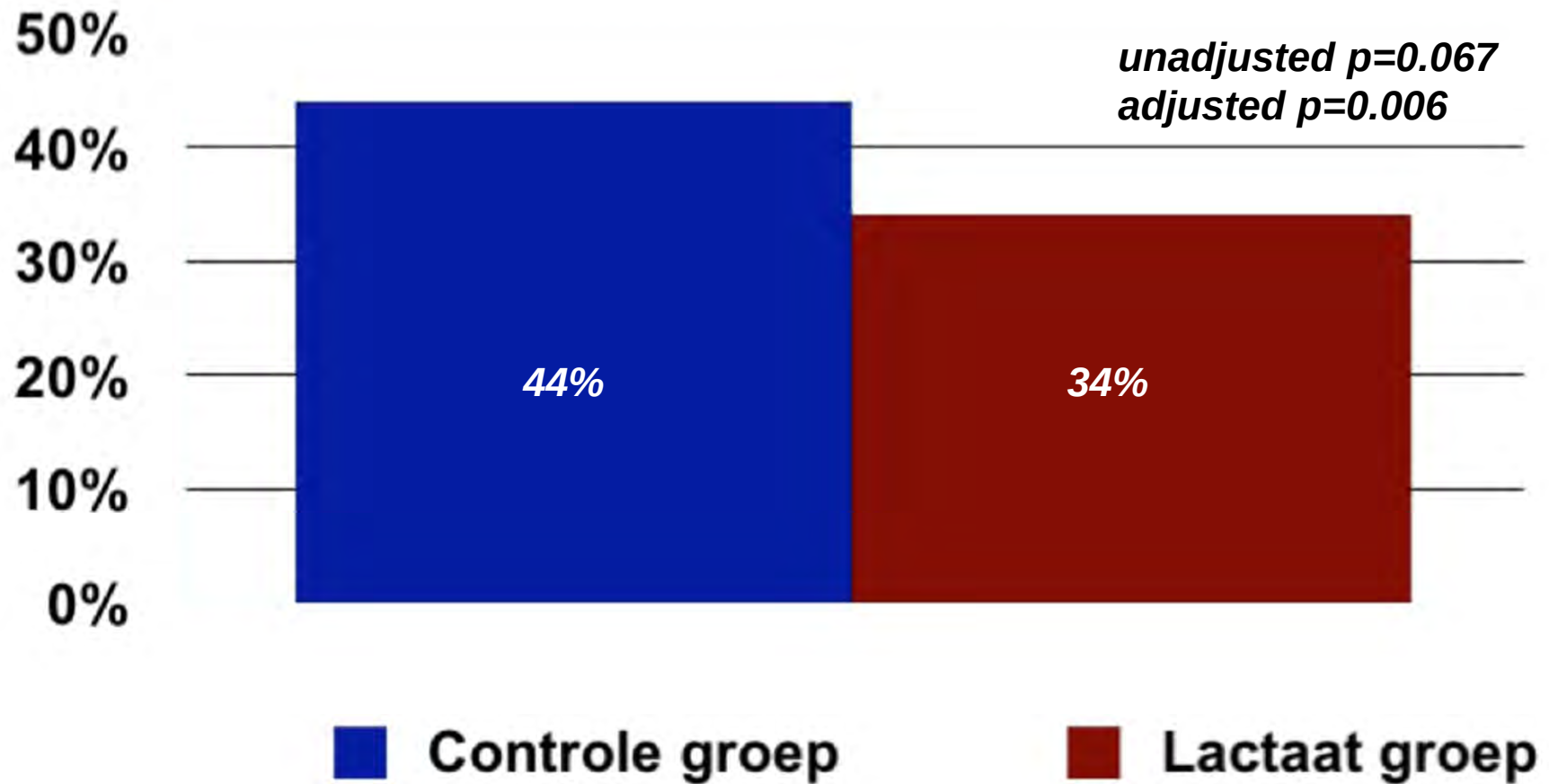
Time-to-weaning from mechanical ventilation



Time-to-discharge from ICU



in-hospital mortality





ScvO₂ en sepsis

VARIABLE AND TREATMENT GROUP	BASE LINE (0 hr)	HOURS AFTER START OF THERAPY		
		6	0-6†	7-72‡
Heart rate (beats/min)				
Standard therapy	114±27	105±25	108±23	99±18
EGDT	117±31	103±19	105±19	96±18
P value	0.45	0.12	0.25	0.04
Central venous pressure (mm Hg)				
Standard therapy	6.1±7.7	11.8±6.8	10.5±6.8	11.6±6.1
EGDT	5.3±9.3	13.8±4.4	11.7±5.1	11.9±5.6
P value	0.57	0.007	0.22	0.68
Mean arterial pressure (mm Hg)				
Standard therapy	76±24	81±18	81±16	80±15
EGDT	74±27	95±19	88±16	87±15
P value	0.60	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Central venous oxygen saturation (%)				
Standard therapy	49.2±13.3	66.0±15.5	65.4±14.2	65.3±11.4
EGDT	48.6±11.2	77.3±10.0	71.6±10.2	70.4±10.7
P value	0.49	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001

- Rivers studie:
- - ScvO₂ 49% bij opname



ScvO₂ catheter

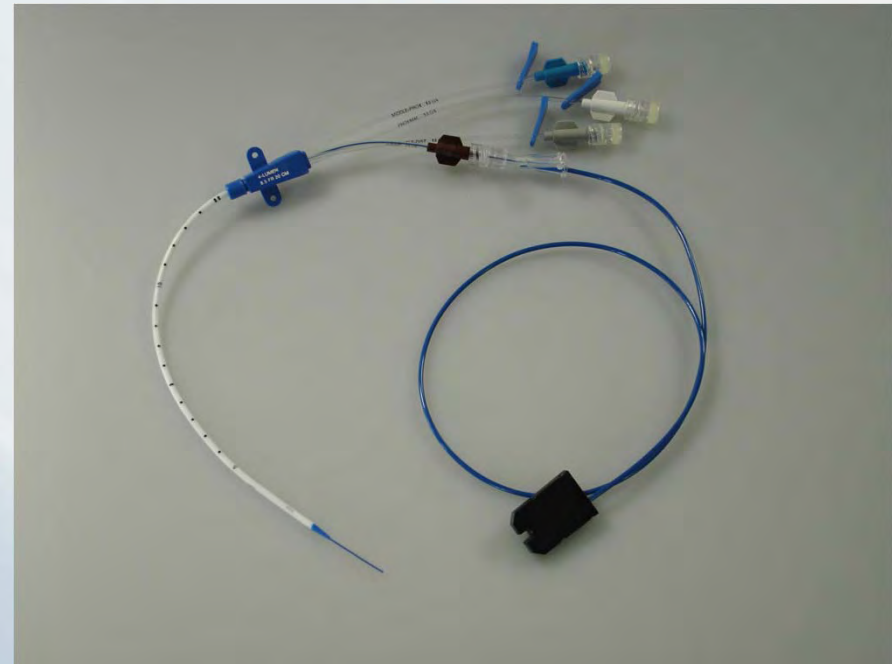
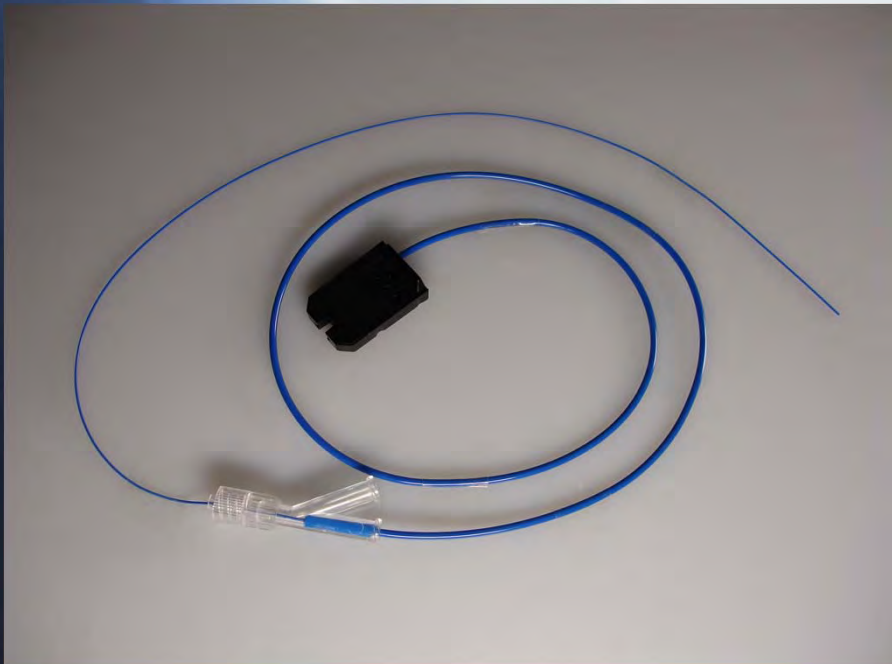
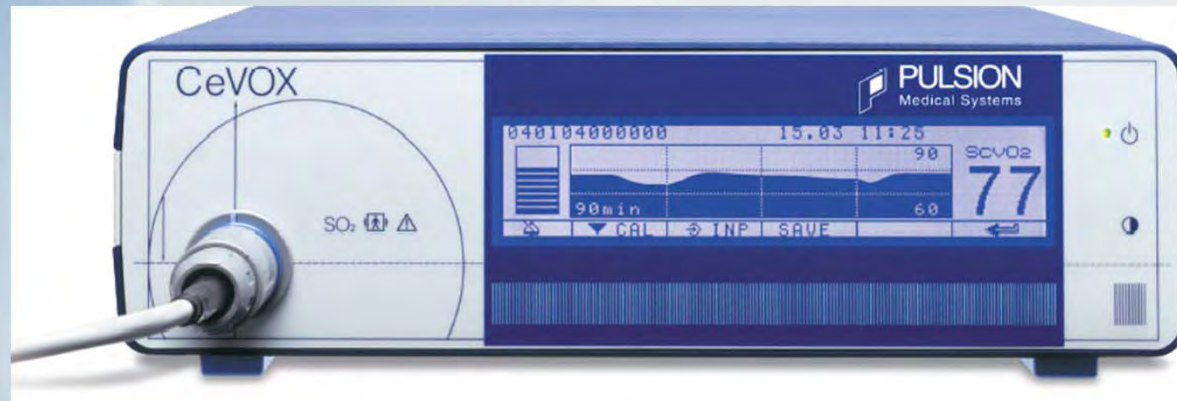
An Integral Part of Early Goal-Directed Therapy for Sepsis

- Continuous central venous oxygen saturation monitoring (ScvO₂)
- Pressure monitoring
- High flow rates for rapid fluid administration
- Convenient administration of therapeutic solutions



Soft Tip. Helps reduce the likelihood of complications resulting from vessel perforation.

ScvO₂ - probe





Conclusie

- ScvO₂ geeft balans tussen zuurstof aanbod en vraag weer
- ScvO₂ is belangrijk waarschuwingssignaal op IC
- ScvO₂ is bruikbaar als klinisch eindpunt bij behandeling van circulatoire shock in de vroege fase